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## Budget Offsets Bank March 9, 2020

The federal debt is at a post-war record high, deficits are set to exceed the trilliondollar mark <u>this year</u>, and new initiatives are being <u>proposed regularly</u>.

In order to help policymakers offset the cost of new spending programs and tax cuts and slow the growth of the national debt, the Committee for a Responsible Federal Budget is publishing a Budget Offsets Bank of options to raise revenue and reduce spending.

Our Budget Offsets Bank shows ranges of potential saving for types of policy changes – readers can <u>contact us</u> to learn more about understanding and designing specific policy changes. These estimates are largely based on those from the Congressional Budget Office and other reputable sources, with adjustments from our staff as needed to account for the passage of time or subsequent legislation.

Our first installment focused on health care policies that reduce the cost of Medicare, Medicaid, or other federal health spending or increase health-related revenue. The second installment focused on infrastructure-related policies that would reduce federal spending on infrastructure or increase revenue related to infrastructure. Our latest installment focuses on income tax options that would roll back the 2017 tax cuts, rates, limit tax expenditures, and reduce tax loopholes, among other reforms.

We will be publishing additional options in the coming weeks and months. Prior options lists are available <u>here</u> or in the list below. View the full Budget Offsets Bank at <u>crfb.org/Offsets</u>.

## **Previously Published Offset Options**

- Offsets Proposed by Both President Trump and President Obama
- <u>Other Policies With Potential Bipartisan Support</u>
- Highway Trust Fund and Infrastructure Offsets
- Disaster Relief Offsets
- <u>Pension Rescue and PGBC Offsets</u>
- Options to meet House FY 2018 Budget's Reconciliation Instructions
- Options to Offset Veterans Administration Cap Adjustment
- Health, Revenue, and Other Mandatory Spending Options (2015 list)



# **Health-Related Offset Options**

Health Policy	Ten-Year Savings
Medicare Provider Payments	
Reduce excessive payments for post-acute care	Up to \$85 billion
Equalize hospital and physician payments regardless of site of service	\$15 to \$90 billion
Expand use of bundled payments	\$10 to \$50 billion
Reduce Medicare's coverage of bad debt	\$10 to \$50 billion
Reduce and reform payments for Graduate Medical Education	\$5 to \$50 billion
Reduce and reform payments for uncompensated care (DSH)	\$5 to \$100 billion
Replace sequester with rebased Medicare payments	Long-term savings
Reduce and reform payments to rural hospitals	\$5 to \$30 billion
Reduce payments growth to hospitals by 1%	\$20 billion
Reform Medicare hospice payments	\$10 billion
Expand penalties for preventable readmissions and unnecessary complications	Up to \$10 billion
Expand competitive bidding for medical equipment and labs	Up to \$10 billion
Reform and tighten "Stark rule" to limit self-referrals	\$5 billion
Prescription Drugs	
Allow HHS to negotiate Part D drug prices, but not exclude drugs from coverage	less than \$10 billion
Require HHS to negotiate Part D drug prices with a cap based on international prices	
and a large penalty for manufacturers who walk away from negotiations	\$350 billion
Redesign Medicare Part D benefit, including by adding a catastrophic cap, eliminating	
the donut hole coverage gap, and reducing government re-insurance for high-cost drugs	\$35 to \$75 billion
Require drug companies to pay "rebates" to reduce costs in Medicare Part D	\$50 to \$200 billion
Restrict drug price increases in excess of inflation in Part B and Part D	\$70 billion
Tighten Medicaid drug rebates	\$5 to \$20 billion
Allow for drug re-importation	Up to \$25 billion
Encourage use of generics by low-income Medicare beneficiaries	Up to \$20 billion
	Up to \$10 billion
Modify Part B physician administered drug payments that promote high-cost drugs	\$10 billion
Increase flexibility of the Part D drug formulary Encourage entry of generic drugs and biosimilars	
	\$10 billion
Prohibit pharmacy benefit manager spread pricing	\$5 billion
Medicare Beneficiary Responsibility	
Restrict Medigap plans from offering generous wrap-around coverage	\$100 billion
Restrict TRICARE for life from offering generous wrap-around coverage	\$35 billion
Restrict employer and other wrap-around coverage	Up to \$100 billion <sup>1</sup>
Reform Medicare benefit design to establish unified Part A and B deductible, co-	\$0 to \$70 billion
insurance, and a catastrophic cap	
Establish cost sharing for home health	\$5 to \$20 billion
Increase Medicare Part B deductible	\$10 to \$20 billion
Increase base Medicare premiums by 10 percent of costs	\$450 billion
Increase Medicare premiums for high earners	\$50 to \$100 billion
Increase the Medicare eligibility age	\$20 to \$30 billion
Medicare Advantage and Private Medicare Plans	
Medicare Advantage and Private Medicare Plans Allow private plans to compete with Medicare, set subsidy based on average bid	\$50 to \$350 billion
Allow private plans to compete with Medicare, set subsidy based on average bid Allow private plans to compete with Medicare, set subsidy based on 2 <sup>nd</sup> lowest bid	\$150 to \$800 billion
	\$30 to \$100 billion
Set Medicare Advantage payments using competitive bidding	\$50 to \$80 billion
Modify risk adjustment payments to Medicare Advantage plans	
Reduce excessive quality bonus payments to Medicare Advantage plans	\$20 to \$110 billion



Affordable Care Act (ACA)	
Reduce Medicaid match in expansion population to match ordinary FMAP	\$400 billion
Restore Cost Sharing Reduction subsidies	\$100 billion <sup>2</sup>
Phase out ACA exchange subsidies above 300 percent of poverty	Up to \$50 billion
Recapture excessive premium subsidies	\$50 billion
Establish a public option for health exchanges	\$100 billion
Repeal the Prevention Fund	\$10 billion
Allow states to apply Medicaid asset tests to expansion population	\$5 billion
Medicaid	
Establish Medicaid spending cap and/or block grant Medicaid	\$200 to 900 billion
Limit states from inflating the federal Medicaid match through "provider taxes"	\$5 to \$400 billion
Reduce the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) floor	Up to \$450 billion
Reduce federal Medicaid matching rates for base Medicaid program	\$50 billion/pp
Match all administrative costs at 50%	\$65 billion
	\$25 to \$100 billion
Establish work and "community engagement" requirement in Medicaid	
Encourage states to re-determine Medicaid eligibility more frequently	\$50 billion
Subject Medicaid managed care plans to medical loss ratio rules	\$10 billion
Require states to deny personal care payments for duplicative/inappropriate services	Up to \$10 billion
Other Health Savings	
Restrict out-of-network "surprise billing"	\$20 to \$25 billion
Reform medical malpractice law	Up to \$30 billion
Replace the Federal Employees Health Benefits (FEHB) program with a voucher	Up to \$35 billion
Introduce TRICARE for Life enrollment fee	\$15 billion
Extend CHIP programs beyond 2027	\$5 billion
Health-Related Tax Preferences	
Cap the employer sponsored insurance (ESI) income tax exclusion	\$100 to \$700 billion
Cap the ESI payroll tax exclusion (at median to 90 <sup>th</sup> percentile)	
	\$30 to \$250 billion
Replace the ESI exclusion with a credit or deduction	dialable
Replace the ESI exclusion with a credit or deduction Eliminate the ESI exclusion for the Medicare payroll tax	dialable \$250 billion
Replace the ESI exclusion with a credit or deductionEliminate the ESI exclusion for the Medicare payroll taxLimit the ESI exclusion for higher income workers	dialable \$250 billion \$50 to \$200 billon
Replace the ESI exclusion with a credit or deductionEliminate the ESI exclusion for the Medicare payroll taxLimit the ESI exclusion for higher income workersRepeal Cadillac Tax (subtract from options above if replacing Cadillac Tax)	dialable \$250 billion \$50 to \$200 billon -\$200 billion
Replace the ESI exclusion with a credit or deductionEliminate the ESI exclusion for the Medicare payroll taxLimit the ESI exclusion for higher income workersRepeal Cadillac Tax (subtract from options above if replacing Cadillac Tax)Eliminate income tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions	dialable \$250 billion \$50 to \$200 billon -\$200 billion \$400 billion
Replace the ESI exclusion with a credit or deduction         Eliminate the ESI exclusion for the Medicare payroll tax         Limit the ESI exclusion for higher income workers         Repeal Cadillac Tax (subtract from options above if replacing Cadillac Tax)         Eliminate income tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Eliminate payroll tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions	dialable \$250 billion \$50 to \$200 billon -\$200 billion \$400 billion \$200 billion
Replace the ESI exclusion with a credit or deduction         Eliminate the ESI exclusion for the Medicare payroll tax         Limit the ESI exclusion for higher income workers         Repeal Cadillac Tax (subtract from options above if replacing Cadillac Tax)         Eliminate income tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Eliminate payroll tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Limit or end medical expense deduction	dialable \$250 billion \$50 to \$200 billon -\$200 billion \$400 billion \$200 billion Up to \$75 billion
Replace the ESI exclusion with a credit or deduction         Eliminate the ESI exclusion for the Medicare payroll tax         Limit the ESI exclusion for higher income workers         Repeal Cadillac Tax (subtract from options above if replacing Cadillac Tax)         Eliminate income tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Eliminate payroll tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Limit or end medical expense deduction         Limit or repeal health Flexible Spending Accounts (FSAs)	dialable \$250 billion \$50 to \$200 billon -\$200 billion \$400 billion \$200 billion Up to \$75 billion Up to \$50 billion
Replace the ESI exclusion with a credit or deduction         Eliminate the ESI exclusion for the Medicare payroll tax         Limit the ESI exclusion for higher income workers         Repeal Cadillac Tax (subtract from options above if replacing Cadillac Tax)         Eliminate income tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Eliminate payroll tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Limit or end medical expense deduction         Limit or repeal health Flexible Spending Accounts (FSAs)         Limit or repeal Health Savings Accounts (HSAs)	dialable \$250 billion \$50 to \$200 billon -\$200 billion \$400 billion \$200 billion Up to \$75 billion Up to \$50 billion Up to \$50 billion
Replace the ESI exclusion with a credit or deduction         Eliminate the ESI exclusion for the Medicare payroll tax         Limit the ESI exclusion for higher income workers         Repeal Cadillac Tax (subtract from options above if replacing Cadillac Tax)         Eliminate income tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Eliminate payroll tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Limit or end medical expense deduction         Limit or repeal health Flexible Spending Accounts (FSAs)         Limit or repeal Health Savings Accounts (HSAs)         Limit or repeal private activity bonds for nonprofit hospitals	dialable \$250 billion \$50 to \$200 billon -\$200 billion \$400 billion \$200 billion Up to \$75 billion Up to \$50 billion Up to \$50 billion \$10 to \$25 billion
Replace the ESI exclusion with a credit or deduction         Eliminate the ESI exclusion for the Medicare payroll tax         Limit the ESI exclusion for higher income workers         Repeal Cadillac Tax (subtract from options above if replacing Cadillac Tax)         Eliminate income tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Eliminate payroll tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Limit or end medical expense deduction         Limit or repeal health Flexible Spending Accounts (FSAs)         Limit or repeal Health Savings Accounts (HSAs)         Limit or repeal private activity bonds for nonprofit hospitals         Eliminate orphan drug tax credit	dialable \$250 billion \$50 to \$200 billon -\$200 billion \$400 billion \$200 billion Up to \$75 billion Up to \$50 billion Up to \$50 billion \$10 to \$25 billion \$20 billion
Replace the ESI exclusion with a credit or deduction         Eliminate the ESI exclusion for the Medicare payroll tax         Limit the ESI exclusion for higher income workers         Repeal Cadillac Tax (subtract from options above if replacing Cadillac Tax)         Eliminate income tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Eliminate payroll tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Limit or end medical expense deduction         Limit or repeal health Flexible Spending Accounts (FSAs)         Limit or repeal Health Savings Accounts (HSAs)         Limit or repeal private activity bonds for nonprofit hospitals         Eliminate orphan drug tax credit         Repeal small business tax credit for offering health benefits	dialable \$250 billion \$50 to \$200 billon -\$200 billion \$400 billion \$200 billion Up to \$75 billion Up to \$50 billion Up to \$50 billion \$10 to \$25 billion \$10 billion
Replace the ESI exclusion with a credit or deduction         Eliminate the ESI exclusion for the Medicare payroll tax         Limit the ESI exclusion for higher income workers         Repeal Cadillac Tax (subtract from options above if replacing Cadillac Tax)         Eliminate income tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Eliminate payroll tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Limit or end medical expense deduction         Limit or repeal health Flexible Spending Accounts (FSAs)         Limit or repeal Health Savings Accounts (HSAs)         Limit or repeal private activity bonds for nonprofit hospitals         Eliminate orphan drug tax credit	dialable \$250 billion \$50 to \$200 billon -\$200 billion \$400 billion \$200 billion Up to \$75 billion Up to \$50 billion Up to \$50 billion \$10 to \$25 billion \$20 billion
Replace the ESI exclusion with a credit or deduction         Eliminate the ESI exclusion for the Medicare payroll tax         Limit the ESI exclusion for higher income workers         Repeal Cadillac Tax (subtract from options above if replacing Cadillac Tax)         Eliminate income tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Eliminate payroll tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Limit or end medical expense deduction         Limit or repeal health Flexible Spending Accounts (FSAs)         Limit or repeal Health Savings Accounts (HSAs)         Limit or repeal private activity bonds for nonprofit hospitals         Eliminate orphan drug tax credit         Repeal small business tax credit for offering health benefits         Repeal Blue Cross/Blue Shield deduction	dialable \$250 billion \$50 to \$200 billon -\$200 billion \$400 billion \$200 billion Up to \$75 billion Up to \$50 billion Up to \$50 billion \$10 to \$25 billion \$10 billion
Replace the ESI exclusion with a credit or deduction         Eliminate the ESI exclusion for the Medicare payroll tax         Limit the ESI exclusion for higher income workers         Repeal Cadillac Tax (subtract from options above if replacing Cadillac Tax)         Eliminate income tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Eliminate payroll tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Limit or end medical expense deduction         Limit or repeal health Flexible Spending Accounts (FSAs)         Limit or repeal Health Savings Accounts (HSAs)         Limit or repeal private activity bonds for nonprofit hospitals         Eliminate orphan drug tax credit         Repeal small business tax credit for offering health benefits         Repeal Blue Cross/Blue Shield deduction	dialable \$250 billion \$50 to \$200 billon -\$200 billion \$400 billion \$200 billion Up to \$75 billion Up to \$50 billion \$10 to \$25 billion \$10 to \$25 billion \$10 billion \$10 billion
Replace the ESI exclusion with a credit or deduction         Eliminate the ESI exclusion for the Medicare payroll tax         Limit the ESI exclusion for higher income workers         Repeal Cadillac Tax (subtract from options above if replacing Cadillac Tax)         Eliminate income tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Eliminate payroll tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Limit or end medical expense deduction         Limit or repeal health Flexible Spending Accounts (FSAs)         Limit or repeal Health Savings Accounts (HSAs)         Limit or repeal private activity bonds for nonprofit hospitals         Eliminate orphan drug tax credit         Repeal small business tax credit for offering health benefits         Repeal Blue Cross/Blue Shield deduction         Health-Related Revenue         Raise Medicare Hospital Insurance payroll tax rate	dialable \$250 billion \$50 to \$200 billon -\$200 billion \$400 billion \$200 billion Up to \$75 billion Up to \$50 billion Up to \$50 billion \$10 to \$25 billion \$10 billion \$10 billion \$10 billion
Replace the ESI exclusion with a credit or deduction         Eliminate the ESI exclusion for the Medicare payroll tax         Limit the ESI exclusion for higher income workers         Repeal Cadillac Tax (subtract from options above if replacing Cadillac Tax)         Eliminate income tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Eliminate payroll tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Limit or end medical expense deduction         Limit or repeal health Flexible Spending Accounts (FSAs)         Limit or repeal Health Savings Accounts (HSAs)         Limit or repeal private activity bonds for nonprofit hospitals         Eliminate orphan drug tax credit         Repeal Small business tax credit for offering health benefits         Repeal Blue Cross/Blue Shield deduction         Health-Related Revenue         Raise Medicare Hospital Insurance payroll tax rate         Expand the 3.8% Medicare Tax to all passthrough income	dialable           \$250 billion           \$50 to \$200 billion           -\$200 billion           \$400 billion           \$200 billion           Up to \$75 billion           Up to \$50 billion           Up to \$50 billion           \$10 to \$25 billion           \$10 billion           \$20 billion           \$20 billion           \$10 billion           \$20 billion           \$10 billion           \$20 billion           \$20 billion           \$20 billion
Replace the ESI exclusion with a credit or deduction         Eliminate the ESI exclusion for the Medicare payroll tax         Limit the ESI exclusion for higher income workers         Repeal Cadillac Tax (subtract from options above if replacing Cadillac Tax)         Eliminate income tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Eliminate payroll tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Limit or end medical expense deduction         Limit or repeal health Flexible Spending Accounts (FSAs)         Limit or repeal Health Savings Accounts (HSAs)         Limit or repeal private activity bonds for nonprofit hospitals         Eliminate orphan drug tax credit         Repeal Small business tax credit for offering health benefits         Repeal Blue Cross/Blue Shield deduction         Health-Related Revenue         Raise Medicare Hospital Insurance payroll tax rate         Expand the 3.8% Medicare Tax to all passthrough income         Apply Medicare payroll tax to all business income from material participants	dialable           \$250 billion           \$50 to \$200 billion           -\$200 billion           \$400 billion           \$200 billion           \$10 to \$50 billion           \$10 to \$25 billion           \$10 billion           \$50 billion           \$10 billion           \$200 billion           \$10 billion           \$200 billion           \$10 billion           \$10 billion
Replace the ESI exclusion with a credit or deduction         Eliminate the ESI exclusion for the Medicare payroll tax         Limit the ESI exclusion for higher income workers         Repeal Cadillac Tax (subtract from options above if replacing Cadillac Tax)         Eliminate income tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Eliminate payroll tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Limit or end medical expense deduction         Limit or repeal health Flexible Spending Accounts (FSAs)         Limit or repeal Health Savings Accounts (HSAs)         Limit or repeal private activity bonds for nonprofit hospitals         Eliminate orphan drug tax credit         Repeal Blue Cross/Blue Shield deduction         Health-Related Revenue         Raise Medicare Hospital Insurance payroll tax rate         Expand the 3.8% Medicare Tax to all passthrough income         Apply Medicare payroll tax to all business income from material participants         Equalize and increase alcohol taxes	dialable \$250 billion \$50 to \$200 billon -\$200 billion \$400 billion \$200 billion Up to \$75 billion Up to \$50 billion \$10 to \$25 billion \$10 to \$25 billion \$10 billion \$10 billion \$10 billion Up to \$100 billion
Replace the ESI exclusion with a credit or deduction         Eliminate the ESI exclusion for the Medicare payroll tax         Limit the ESI exclusion for higher income workers         Repeal Cadillac Tax (subtract from options above if replacing Cadillac Tax)         Eliminate income tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Eliminate payroll tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Limit or end medical expense deduction         Limit or repeal health Flexible Spending Accounts (FSAs)         Limit or repeal Health Savings Accounts (HSAs)         Limit or repeal private activity bonds for nonprofit hospitals         Eliminate orphan drug tax credit         Repeal Small business tax credit for offering health benefits         Repeal Blue Cross/Blue Shield deduction         Health-Related Revenue         Raise Medicare Hospital Insurance payroll tax rate         Expand the 3.8% Medicare Tax to all passthrough income         Apply Medicare payroll tax to all business income from material participants         Equalize and increase alcohol taxes         Increase cigarette taxes	dialable           \$250 billion           \$50 to \$200 billon           -\$200 billion           \$400 billion           \$200 billion           \$200 billion           \$200 billion           \$200 billion           \$200 billion           Up to \$75 billion           Up to \$50 billion           \$10 to \$25 billion           \$10 to \$25 billion           \$10 billion           \$125 billion           Up to \$100 billion           \$40 to \$100 billion
Replace the ESI exclusion with a credit or deduction         Eliminate the ESI exclusion for the Medicare payroll tax         Limit the ESI exclusion for higher income workers         Repeal Cadillac Tax (subtract from options above if replacing Cadillac Tax)         Eliminate income tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Eliminate payroll tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Limit or end medical expense deduction         Limit or repeal health Flexible Spending Accounts (FSAs)         Limit or repeal Health Savings Accounts (HSAs)         Limit or repeal private activity bonds for nonprofit hospitals         Eliminate orphan drug tax credit         Repeal Small business tax credit for offering health benefits         Repeal Blue Cross/Blue Shield deduction         Health-Related Revenue         Raise Medicare Hospital Insurance payroll tax rate         Expand the 3.8% Medicare Tax to all passthrough income         Apply Medicare payroll tax to all business income from material participants         Equalize and increase alcohol taxes         Increase cigarette taxes         Expand cigarette taxes to include vaping	dialable \$250 billion \$50 to \$200 billon -\$200 billion \$400 billion \$200 billion Up to \$75 billion Up to \$50 billion \$10 to \$25 billion \$10 billion \$10 billion \$10 billion \$125 billion Up to \$100 billion \$40 to \$100 billion \$10 billion
Replace the ESI exclusion with a credit or deduction         Eliminate the ESI exclusion for the Medicare payroll tax         Limit the ESI exclusion for higher income workers         Repeal Cadillac Tax (subtract from options above if replacing Cadillac Tax)         Eliminate income tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Eliminate payroll tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Limit or end medical expense deduction         Limit or repeal health Flexible Spending Accounts (FSAs)         Limit or repeal Health Savings Accounts (HSAs)         Limit or repeal private activity bonds for nonprofit hospitals         Eliminate orphan drug tax credit         Repeal Blue Cross/Blue Shield deduction         Health-Related Revenue         Raise Medicare Hospital Insurance payroll tax rate         Expand the 3.8% Medicare Tax to all passthrough income         Apply Medicare payroll tax to all business income from material participants         Equalize and increase alcohol taxes         Increase cigarette taxes         Expand cigarette taxes to include vaping         Impose tax on sugary drinks	dialable           \$250 billion           \$50 to \$200 billon           \$50 to \$200 billion           \$400 billion           \$400 billion           \$200 billion           \$200 billion           Up to \$75 billion           Up to \$50 billion           \$10 to \$25 billion           \$10 to \$25 billion           \$10 billion           \$20 billion           \$10 to \$25 billion           \$10 billion           \$20 billion           \$10 billion           \$10 billion           \$10 billion           \$10 billion           \$125 billion           \$10 billion
Replace the ESI exclusion with a credit or deduction         Eliminate the ESI exclusion for the Medicare payroll tax         Limit the ESI exclusion for higher income workers         Repeal Cadillac Tax (subtract from options above if replacing Cadillac Tax)         Eliminate income tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Eliminate payroll tax deduction for health-related cafeteria plans contributions         Limit or end medical expense deduction         Limit or repeal health Flexible Spending Accounts (FSAs)         Limit or repeal Health Savings Accounts (HSAs)         Limit or repeal private activity bonds for nonprofit hospitals         Eliminate orphan drug tax credit         Repeal Small business tax credit for offering health benefits         Repeal Blue Cross/Blue Shield deduction         Health-Related Revenue         Raise Medicare Hospital Insurance payroll tax rate         Expand the 3.8% Medicare Tax to all passthrough income         Apply Medicare payroll tax to all business income from material participants         Equalize and increase alcohol taxes         Increase cigarette taxes         Expand cigarette taxes to include vaping	dialable \$250 billion \$50 to \$200 billon -\$200 billion \$400 billion \$200 billion Up to \$75 billion Up to \$50 billion \$10 to \$25 billion \$10 billion \$10 billion \$10 billion \$125 billion Up to \$100 billion \$40 to \$100 billion \$10 billion



# Infrastructure-Related Offset Options

Infrastructure Policy         Highway Trust Fund Revenue Sources         Increase the gas and diesel fuel tax         Increase fuel taxes by 15 cents and index to inflation         Increase fuel taxes by 35 cents and index to inflation         Raise gas tax to match diesel tax rate         Index gas and diesel fuel taxes for inflation	Ten-Year Savings
Increase the gas and diesel fuel tax Increase fuel taxes by 15 cents and index to inflation Increase fuel taxes by 35 cents and index to inflation Raise gas tax to match diesel tax rate	
Increase fuel taxes by 15 cents and index to inflation Increase fuel taxes by 35 cents and index to inflation Raise gas tax to match diesel tax rate	~\$14 billion per
Increase fuel taxes by 35 cents and index to inflation Raise gas tax to match diesel tax rate	cent
Increase fuel taxes by 35 cents and index to inflation Raise gas tax to match diesel tax rate	\$235 billion
Raise gas tax to match diesel tax rate	\$515 billion
	\$65 billion
	\$30 billion
Increase truck and trailer tax from 12% to 20%	\$30 billion
Repeal special gas and diesel tax rates on certain fuels	\$20 billion
Double heavy vehicle use tax	\$15 billion
Eliminate exemptions from gas tax	\$15 billion
	<b>*</b> · • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
New Revenue Sources	<u> </u>
Impose a Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) tax on all vehicles	~\$35 billion per 0.1 cent
Impose a VMT tax on commercial trucks	\$25 billion per cent
Impose a freight tax of 30 cents/mile for trucks and 12 cents/mile for rail	\$360 billion
Impose a light-duty vehicle sales tax	\$40 billion per 1%
Impose a per-barrel oil tax	~\$30 billion per dollar
Impose a vehicle registration fee of \$10 on light vehicles and \$20 on trucks	\$40 billion
Impose a \$10 driver's license surcharge	\$25 billion
Impose a \$10 tire tax	\$25 billion
Impose a \$20 fee on containers at U.S. ports	\$10 billion
Establish new rail safety and inland waterways fees	\$10 billion
Other Revenue Changes	
Other Revenue Changes Repeal last in, first out (LIFO) and lower of cost or market (LCM) inventory accounting	\$60 billion
Terminate new Private Activity Bonds	\$35 billion
End Section 179 "SUV loophole"	\$10 billion
Allow greater use of bridge and highway tolls	varies
	Valles
Highway Trust Fund Spending	
	\$45 billion per 10%
Reduce all surface transportation spending	\$45 billion per 10% reduction
Reduce all surface transportation spending Limit federal highway spending to Highway Trust Fund revenue (require states to cover	reduction
Reduce all surface transportation spending Limit federal highway spending to Highway Trust Fund revenue (require states to cover difference)	reduction \$140 billion
Reduce all surface transportation spending         Limit federal highway spending to Highway Trust Fund revenue (require states to cover difference)         Eliminate all spending in transit account	reduction \$140 billion \$105 billion
Reduce all surface transportation spending         Limit federal highway spending to Highway Trust Fund revenue (require states to cover difference)         Eliminate all spending in transit account         Eliminate one year of commitments         Freeze all surface transportation spending for ten years         Freeze all surface transportation spending for three years	reduction \$140 billion \$105 billion \$55 billion \$35 billion \$15 billion
Reduce all surface transportation spending         Limit federal highway spending to Highway Trust Fund revenue (require states to cover difference)         Eliminate all spending in transit account         Eliminate one year of commitments         Freeze all surface transportation spending for ten years	reduction \$140 billion \$105 billion \$55 billion \$35 billion
Reduce all surface transportation spending         Limit federal highway spending to Highway Trust Fund revenue (require states to cover difference)         Eliminate all spending in transit account         Eliminate one year of commitments         Freeze all surface transportation spending for ten years         Freeze all surface transportation spending for three years	reduction \$140 billion \$105 billion \$55 billion \$35 billion \$15 billion
Reduce all surface transportation spending         Limit federal highway spending to Highway Trust Fund revenue (require states to cover difference)         Eliminate all spending in transit account         Eliminate one year of commitments         Freeze all surface transportation spending for ten years         Freeze all surface transportation spending for three years         Reduce funding to Highway Safety Improvement Program         Terminate funding for the Transportation Alternatives Program	reduction \$140 billion \$105 billion \$55 billion \$35 billion \$15 billion \$10 billion
Reduce all surface transportation spending         Limit federal highway spending to Highway Trust Fund revenue (require states to cover difference)         Eliminate all spending in transit account         Eliminate one year of commitments         Freeze all surface transportation spending for ten years         Freeze all surface transportation spending for three years         Reduce funding to Highway Safety Improvement Program         Terminate funding for the Transportation Alternatives Program	reduction \$140 billion \$105 billion \$55 billion \$35 billion \$15 billion \$10 billion \$10 billion
Reduce all surface transportation spending         Limit federal highway spending to Highway Trust Fund revenue (require states to cover difference)         Eliminate all spending in transit account         Eliminate one year of commitments         Freeze all surface transportation spending for ten years         Freeze all surface transportation spending for three years         Reduce funding to Highway Safety Improvement Program         Terminate funding for the Transportation Alternatives Program         Other Spending         Eliminate the Community Development Block Grant	reduction \$140 billion \$105 billion \$55 billion \$35 billion \$15 billion \$10 billion \$10 billion \$10 billion
Reduce all surface transportation spending         Limit federal highway spending to Highway Trust Fund revenue (require states to cover difference)         Eliminate all spending in transit account         Eliminate one year of commitments         Freeze all surface transportation spending for ten years         Freeze all surface transportation spending for three years         Reduce funding to Highway Safety Improvement Program         Terminate funding for the Transportation Alternatives Program         Other Spending         Eliminate the Community Development Block Grant         Eliminate Capital Investment Grants	reduction \$140 billion \$105 billion \$55 billion \$35 billion \$15 billion \$10 billion \$10 billion \$10 billion \$25 billion \$25 billion
Reduce all surface transportation spendingLimit federal highway spending to Highway Trust Fund revenue (require states to cover difference)Eliminate all spending in transit accountEliminate one year of commitmentsFreeze all surface transportation spending for ten yearsFreeze all surface transportation spending for three yearsReduce funding to Highway Safety Improvement ProgramTerminate funding for the Transportation Alternatives ProgramOther SpendingEliminate the Community Development Block GrantEliminate Capital Investment GrantsEnd funding for Amtrak and Essential Air Service	reduction \$140 billion \$105 billion \$55 billion \$35 billion \$15 billion \$10 billion \$10 billion \$25 billion \$25 billion \$25 billion \$20 billion
Reduce all surface transportation spending         Limit federal highway spending to Highway Trust Fund revenue (require states to cover difference)         Eliminate all spending in transit account         Eliminate one year of commitments         Freeze all surface transportation spending for ten years         Freeze all surface transportation spending for three years         Reduce funding to Highway Safety Improvement Program         Terminate funding for the Transportation Alternatives Program         Other Spending         Eliminate the Community Development Block Grant         Eliminate Capital Investment Grants         End funding for Amtrak and Essential Air Service         Repeal Davis-Bacon Act	reduction \$140 billion \$105 billion \$55 billion \$35 billion \$15 billion \$10 billion \$10 billion \$25 billion \$25 billion \$25 billion \$25 billion \$25 billion \$25 billion
Reduce all surface transportation spendingLimit federal highway spending to Highway Trust Fund revenue (require states to cover difference)Eliminate all spending in transit accountEliminate one year of commitmentsFreeze all surface transportation spending for ten yearsFreeze all surface transportation spending for three yearsReduce funding to Highway Safety Improvement ProgramTerminate funding for the Transportation Alternatives ProgramOther SpendingEliminate the Community Development Block GrantEliminate Capital Investment GrantsEnd funding for Amtrak and Essential Air Service	reduction \$140 billion \$105 billion \$55 billion \$35 billion \$15 billion \$10 billion \$10 billion \$25 billion \$25 billion \$25 billion \$20 billion



# **Income Tax Offset Options**

Revenue Policy	Ten-Year Savings <sup>3</sup>
Repeal or Reform the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (TCJA)	<u> </u>
Repeal the entire TCJA	\$1.1 trillion
Reverse the TCJA estate tax cuts	\$60 billion
Repeal TCJA individual rate cuts	\$950 billion
Repeal TCJA individual rate cuts for those making above \$200,000/\$250,000	\$200 billion
Revert the top rate individual from 37% to 39.6%	\$120 billion
Repeal or reform the 20% "pass-through deduction"	Up to \$500 billion
Begin child tax credit phase-out at \$110,000 instead of \$400,000 as under pre-TCJA law	\$200 billion
Make deduction and family reforms permanent	\$25 billion
Extend the SALT deduction cap to businesses	\$250 billion
Restore corporate rate to 35%	\$1.6 trillion
Repeal the Foreign-Derived Intangible Income Deduction	\$65 billion
Restore the Alternative Minimum Tax to its pre-TCJA parameters	\$425 billion
Increase Tax Rates	
Raise all individual tax rates	\$950 billion/point
Raise top four individual rates	\$250 billion/point
Raise top two rates individual rates	\$150 billion/point
Raise individual rates on income above \$1 million	\$50 billion/point
Raise corporate tax rate	\$100 billion/point
Limit Tax Expenditures	
Eliminate all itemized deductions	\$1.5 trillion
Eliminate all itemized deduction, assuming extension of TCJA	\$900 billion
Impose broad limit on the value of tax expenditures	Up to \$500 billion
Phase out mortgage deduction	\$100 to \$300 billion
Reduce the mortgage interest deduction cap from \$750,000 to \$500,000	~\$25 billion
Set 2% floor on charitable deduction	\$200 billion
Limit charitable deduction to cash contributions	\$150 billion
End the double-deduction for donation of stock and appreciated assets	\$100 billion
Freeze or reduce retirement account contribution limits	\$50 to \$100 billion
Eliminate education tax expenditures	Up to \$200 billion
Require companies to amortize advertising	\$50 to \$150 billion
Repeal deduction for foreign income and exclusion for federal employees abroad	\$100 billion
Repeal LIFO accounting rules	\$50 billion
Repeal Low-Income Housing Tax Credit	\$50 billion
Repeal certain fossil fuel tax preferences	Up to \$20 billion
Reduce Tax Loopholes	l
Count small business owner earned income as wages (Gingrich-Edwards Loopholes)	\$10 to \$200 billion
Apply Net Investment Income Tax (NIIT) to all business income	\$200 billion
Adopt the two policies above together	\$300 billion
Repeal or restrict head of household filing status	\$70 to \$170 billion
Reform treatment of derivatives, life insurance, and "like-kind" exchanges in real estate	Up to \$50 billion
Eliminate corporate deduction of dividends paid to employees with stock options	\$15 billion
Close carried interest loophole	\$10 to \$20 billion
Increase funding to the IRS for audits and tax enforcement	~\$50 billion
Increase certainty with respect to worker classification	\$10 billion



### Increase Capital Gains and Dividends Taxation

Raise capital gains and dividends rates by 2%	\$70 to \$80 billion
Raise top capital gains and dividends rate to 30%	\$100 billion
Tax all capital gains and dividends as ordinary income, up to revenue-maximizing rates	\$350 billion
End "step-up basis," require basis of assets be "carried over" after death	\$100 billion
End "step-up basis," taxing capital gains at death	\$200 to \$250 billion
Tax capital gains at death as ordinary income, up to the top rate to 37%	\$500 billion
Tax capital gains annually on a mark-to-market basis	\$1 to \$2 trillion

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> No official estimate is available for this option, and savings would vary substantially based on design

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$  CBO scores restoring CSRs with no savings due to technical reasons, however they would reduce deficits by about \$10 billion per year relative to CBO's baseline.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> All revenue estimates are rough and cover 2020 to 2029, assuming enactment in early 2020. Revenue raised over the 2021-2030 window will differ. All estimates are also relative to current law, and could raise different levels of revenue if the TCJA is either extended or (partially) repealed.